Appendix A

```java
package analysis;

import acme.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.io.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import javax.swing.*;


//////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
public class Analysis {

    // Temp for standalone analysis project. rundatastream.java
    public final static short TEMP = 7, OPTICS = 1 * 1024;

    public final static int NORMAL = 0, RAW = 1, DERIV1 = 2, DERIV2 = 3,
                DERIV1RAW = 4, DERIV2RAW = 5, MELT_OPTICS = 6,
                MELT_TEMPERATURE = 7, MELT_DERIV1 = 8;
    public final static int MAX_CYCLES = 100;
    public final static int MAX_DYES = 4;
    public final static int MAX_SITES = 96;

    // Results
    public final static int PASS = 0;
    public final static int FAIL = 1;
    public final static int NO_RESULT = 2;      // eg, passive dye
    public final static int ND = 3;             // Not Determined, IC invalid

    // Dye Types
    public final static int UNUSED = 0;
    public final static int ASSAY = 1;
    public final static int INTERNAL_CONTROL = 2;
    public final static int QIC = 3;
    public final static int PASSIVE = 4;        // Historical but needed
    public final static int UNKNOWN = 5;         // Qual.  Find conc. for this dye
    public final static int STANDARD = 6;        // Qual.  Dye with known conc.

    // Site Designation
    public final static int SITE_UNKNOWN = 0;
    public final static int SITE_STANDARD = 1;

    // Data to use
    public final static int PRIMARY = 0;
```

```java
public final static int D2 = 1;            // 2nd Derivative

// Analysis Type
public final static int QUALITATIVE = 0;
public final static int QUANTITATIVE = 1;

// Threshold mode
public final static int AUTO_THRESH = 0;
public final static int MAN_THRESH = 1;

public static boolean annotate = false;

// Setup, results...
Site site[];

private int analysisType;

// Num Sites
private int numSites;

// One per dye, site independent
// Primary: 0; 2D: 1
int dataType[] = new int[MAX_DYES];

// Following used for the standards curve, prakash 1/25/00
double dyeSlope[] = new double[MAX_DYES];      // m: mx+b
double dyeOffset[] = new double[MAX_DYES];    // b: mx+b
double linCC[] = new double[MAX_DYES];

// standardsLine[0-3][2]
// Each point is defined by (cycle, logb10(concentration))
public StdElement standardsLine[][] = new StdElement[MAX_DYES][2];
public static int stdChannel = 0;

// IC used: T, IC not used:F
private boolean useIC;
private int icDye;

// QIC used: T, QIC not used:F
private boolean useQIC;
private int qicDye;

// Threshold Mode (1 per dye)
private int threshMode[] = new int[MAX_DYES];

// Valid Cycle Number Range for all dyes
```

```java
   private float validMinCycle[] = new float[MAX_DYES];
   private float validMaxCycle[] = new float[MAX_DYES];

   // Cycle Number for noise sub and 3 sigma calculation.
   boolean noise;
   int baselineStartCycle[] = new int[MAX_DYES];
   int baselineEndCycle[] = new int[MAX_DYES];

   // StdDev baseline for auto threshold detect. User entered,
   // one per dye.
   private double stdDevBaseLine[] = new double[MAX_DYES];

   // The Max stdDev for a given dye. one per dye
   private float maxStdDev[] = new float[MAX_DYES];

   // This is set to true only if all sites have a valid
   // stdDev. Than only can you calculate the max.
   private boolean maxStdDevValid[] = new boolean[MAX_DYES];

   // BoxCar Averaging
   private boolean boxCar;
   private int boxCarWidth;                       // Note Min Value = 2

   // Quantitative Analysis
   public StdElement qtArr[][] = new StdElement[MAX_DYES][1];


   // ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
   // Keeps current settings, resets Data (and all calculated values from data)
   // ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
   public void resetData() {

    for(int s = 0; s < numSites; s++) {
      site[s].cycle = 0;
      site[s].control = false;
      site[s].meltPoints = 0;

      for(int d = 0; d < MAX_DYES; d++) {
        site[s].dye[d].tValid = false;
        site[s].dye[d].tCycle = 0f;
        site[s].dye[d].stdDevValid = false;
        site[s].dye[d].slope = 0.;
        site[s].dye[d].offset = 0.;
        site[s].noiseValid[d] = false;
      }
    }
```

```java
    // qtArr = null;
    StdElement a[] = new StdElement[1];

    a[0] = new StdElement();

    // Site independent
    for(int d = 0; d < MAX_DYES; d++) {
      maxStdDev[d] = 0f;
      maxStdDevValid[d] = false;

      qtArr[d] = null;
      qtArr[d] = a;     // Reset Quantation

      standardsLine[d][0] = new StdElement();
      standardsLine[d][1] = new StdElement();
      dyeSlope[d] = 0.;
      dyeOffset[d] = 0.;
      linCC[d] = 0.;
    }
  }


// /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
// Keeps current optics data, redoes all calculations. Eg. may be called
// after changing Threshold mode from manual to auto.
// /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
public void recalc() {
  int s, cy;

  //System.out.println("Analysis.recalc()");

  int c[] = new int[numSites];
  int meltCount[] = new int[numSites];

  for(s = 0; s < numSites; s++) {
    c[s] = site[s].cycle;
    meltCount[s] = site[s].meltPoints;
  }

  resetData();

  for(cy = 0; cy < c[0]; cy++) {
    for(s = 0; s < numSites; s++) {
      addCycle(s, site[s].dye[0].rOptic[cy], site[s].dye[1].rOptic[cy],
        site[s].dye[2].rOptic[cy], site[s].dye[3].rOptic[cy]);
```

```
          }
        }
      }

// ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
      public void setNumSites(int s) {
        if(s <= 0) {
          return;
        }

        if(s < numSites) {
          for(int i = s; i < numSites; i++) {
            site[i] = null;
          }
        }
        numSites = s;
      }


// ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
      public void addCycle(int s, short op0, short op1, short op2, short op3) {
        int c = site[s].cycle;

        //System.out.println("addCycle Site " + s + " Op0 " + op0);

        site[s].dye[0].rOptic[c] = op0;
        site[s].dye[1].rOptic[c] = op1;
        site[s].dye[2].rOptic[c] = op2;
        site[s].dye[3].rOptic[c] = op3;

        site[s].dye[0].pOptic[c] = op0;
        site[s].dye[1].pOptic[c] = op1;
        site[s].dye[2].pOptic[c] = op2;
        site[s].dye[3].pOptic[c] = op3;

        processData(s);

        ++site[s].cycle;
      }


// ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
      public void addMelt(int s, short secs, int type, short value) {

        //System.out.println("addMelt Site " + s + " sec " + secs + " type " + type + "
value " + value);
```

```
        site[s].meltPoints = secs;

        switch(type) {
5       //case RunDataStream.OPTICS:
        case OPTICS:
            site[s].mOptic.set(secs, value);
            site[s].updateMeltDeriv();
            break;
10
        //case RunDataStream.TEMP:
        case TEMP:
            site[s].mTemp.set(secs, ((float)value / 100f));
            break;
15      }
    }


    // //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
20  // 0=Ql, 1=Qn
    public void setAnalysisType(int a) {
        analysisType = a;
    }


25
    // //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    // To Manually set Threshold limit
    // Call this once per dye
    public void setTLimit(int d, float tl) {
30      for(int s = 0; s < numSites; s++) {
            site[s].dye[d].tLimit = tl;
        }
    }


35
    // //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    // For testing quantation only.
    // Call this once per dye
    private void setTCycle(int s, int d, float tc) {
40      site[s].dye[d].tCycle = tc;
        site[s].dye[d].tValid = true;
    }


45  // //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    // 0=Auto, 1=Man
```

```java
public void setTMode(int d, int tm) {
  threshMode[d] = tm;
}


// /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
// Conc. values for Quantitative analysis is set per site per dye
public void setConc(int s, int d, float conc) {
  site[s].dye[d].conc = conc;
}


// /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
// 0=Primary, 1=2D
public void setDataType(int d, int dt) {
  dataType[d] = dt;
}


// /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
// 0=UNKNOWN, 1=STANDARD
// In the GUI, SITE_UNKNOWN = 0 and SITE_STANDARD = 1
public void setSiteType(int s, int ty) {
  for(int d = 0; d < MAX_DYES; d++) {
    if(!((useIC && d == icDye) || (useQIC && d == qicDye))) {
      site[s].dye[d].dyeUsage = ty + 5;
    }
  }
}


// /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
// Unused/Std/Passive...
public void setDyeUsage(int s, int d, int du) {

  switch(du) {

    case INTERNAL_CONTROL:
    for(int si = 0; si < numSites; si++) {
      site[si].dye[d].dyeUsage = du;
    }

    useIC = true;
    icDye = d;

    break;
```

```
          case QIC:
            for(int si = 0; si < numSites; si++) {
              site[si].dye[d].dyeUsage = du;
            }

            useQIC = true;
            qicDye = d;

            break;
          }
        }


// ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
// d=Dye, sd = standard dev. Set by User
public void setStdDevbaseline(int d, double sd) {
  stdDevBaseLine[d] = sd;
}


// ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
// IC and Qic
public void setICCycle(int d, int min, int max) {
  validMinCycle[d] = (float)min;
  validMaxCycle[d] = (float)max;
}


// ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
public void setNoiseSubtraction(boolean flag) {
  noise = flag;
}



// ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
public void setBaselineCycle(int dye, int start, int end) {
  baselineStartCycle[dye] = start;
  baselineEndCycle[dye] = end;
}


// ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
public void setBoxCarAvg(boolean flag, int width) {
  boxCar = flag;
  boxCarWidth = width;
```

```
            }


      // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
 5    // Get Thresholds
      public float getTLimit(int s, int d) {
        //System.out.println("Analysis: getTLimit() " + site[s].dye[d].tLimit );
        return site[s].dye[d].tLimit;
      }
10


      // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
      public float getTCycle(int s, int d) {
        if (site[s].dye[d].tCycle < validMinCycle[d] || site[s].dye[d].tCycle >
15    validMaxCycle[d])
            return 0f;
        else
            return site[s].dye[d].tCycle;
      }
20


      // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
      public float getQICTCycle(int s, int d) {

25      int qicDye = getQICDye();
        float qicTCycle = getTCycle(s, qicDye);

        if (useQIC && (qicTCycle > 0f)) {
            if (d == qicDye) return qicTCycle;
30          return (getTCycle(s,d) / qicTCycle);
        }
        else
            return 0f;
      }
35


      // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
      public boolean getTValid(int s, int d) {
        return site[s].dye[d].tValid;
40    }


      // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
      public final double log10(double a) {
        if(a > 0.) {
45          return (Math.log(a) / Math.log(10.));
        }
```

```
        else {
          return -9.5;
        }
      }


// ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
public final double log10(float a) {
  if(a > 0.) {
    return (Math.log((double) a) / Math.log(10.));
  }
  else {
    return -9.5;
  }
}



// ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
// Get Results
// ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
public int getQLResult(int s, int d) {

  int du = site[s].dye[d].dyeUsage;

  // Update IC
  if(useIC &&!site[s].control) {
    updateIC(s);

  }

  if(du == UNUSED || du == PASSIVE) {
    site[s].dye[d].qlResult = NO_RESULT;

  }
  else if(useIC) {
    if(site[s].control) {
      site[s].dye[d].qlResult = site[s].dye[d].tValid ? PASS : FAIL;
    }
    else {
      site[s].dye[d].qlResult = ND;
    }
  }
  else {
    site[s].dye[d].qlResult = site[s].dye[d].tValid ? PASS : FAIL;
  }
```

```
        return site[s].dye[d].qlResult;
    }


    // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    // Update Internal Control Status
    void updateIC(int s) {

        if(site[s].dye[icDye].tValid) {

            // Also make sure it happened in the specified range
            if((site[s].dye[icDye].tCycle >= validMinCycle[icDye]) &&
               (site[s].dye[icDye].tCycle <= validMaxCycle[icDye])) {
                site[s].control = true;
            }
            else {

                // Although .tValid, not in the range
                site[s].control = false;
            }
        }
        else {
            site[s].control = false;
        }
    }


    // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    // Update Linear Correlation Coefficient
    // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    void updateCC(int d) {

        double yt, xt;
        double syy = 0., sxy = 0., sxx = 0., ay = 0., ax = 0.;

        if(qtArr[d].length < 2) {
            linCC[d] = 0.;

            return;
        }

        for(int j = 0; j < qtArr[d].length; j++) {
            ax += qtArr[d][j].conc;
            ay += qtArr[d][j].avgTCycle;
        }
```

```java
      ax /= qtArr[d].length;
      ay /= qtArr[d].length;

      for(int j = 0; j < qtArr[d].length; j++) {
        xt = qtArr[d][j].conc - ax;
        yt = qtArr[d][j].avgTCycle - ay;
        sxx += xt * xt;
        syy += yt * yt;
        sxy += xt * yt;
      }

      linCC[d] = sxy / (Math.sqrt(sxx * syy));
      linCC[d] *= linCC[d];
    }


// ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
// 0. Check for unknown  & thresh.
// 1. Check IC
// 2. Check QIC
// 3. Check for at least 2 data points in this qtArr
// 4. Check for unknown to be within knowns
// 5. Sort qtArr and Return unknown conc. Move to addstandard...
// ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
public double getQTResult(int s, int d) {

    double m = 1.0;

    // 0. Check for unknown thresh.
    if(!site[s].dye[d].tValid || (site[s].dye[d].dyeUsage != UNKNOWN)) {
      return 0.;
    }

    // 1. Check IC
    if(useIC) {
      if(!site[s].dye[icDye].tValid) {
        return 0.;
      }
    }

    // 2. Check QIC
    // todo prakash.
    // Should wait for all thresholds/site before constructing qtArr.
    if(useQIC) {
      if(!site[s].dye[qicDye].tValid) {
        return 0.;
```

```
            }
          else {
            m = 1. / site[s].dye[qicDye].tCycle;
          }
  5       }

          // 3. Check for at least 2 data points in this qtArr
          if(qtArr[d].length < 2) {
            return 0.;
 10       }

          site[s].dye[d].conc = (float) Math.pow(10., (dyeSlope[d] *
            (site[s].dye[d].tCycle * m) + dyeOffset[d]));

 15       // 4. Check for the conc to be within .5 Log
          if( (log10(site[s].dye[d].conc) > standardsLine[d][0].conc) ||
            (log10(site[s].dye[d].conc) < standardsLine[d][1].conc)) {
            site[s].dye[d].conc = 0f;
          }
 20       return site[s].dye[d].conc;
        }


        // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
 25     // Sort the elements in the Quantation Array.
        void sort(StdElement a[]) {

          boolean done;
          StdElement se = new StdElement();
 30
          if(a.length < 2) {
            return;
          }

 35       do {
            done = true;

            for(int j = 0; j < (a.length - 1); j++) {
              if(a[j].avgTCycle > a[j + 1].avgTCycle) {
 40             done = false;
                se = a[j];
                a[j] = a[j + 1];
                a[j + 1] = se;

 45             break;
              }
```

```
      }
    }
    while(!done);
  }
```
5

```
// ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
// Sort the elements in the Melt Peaks Array.
void sort(MeltElement meltElementsArray[]) {
```
10

```
    boolean done;
    MeltElement me = new MeltElement();

    //Debug.log ("sort: MeltElement array with " + meltElementsArray.length);
```
15
```
    if(meltElementsArray.length < 2) {
      return;
    }

    do {
```
20
```
      done = true;

      for(int j = 0; j < (meltElementsArray.length - 1); j++) {
        if(meltElementsArray[j].d1Peak > meltElementsArray[j + 1].d1Peak) {
          done = false;
```
25
```
          me = meltElementsArray[j];
          meltElementsArray[j] = meltElementsArray[j + 1];
          meltElementsArray[j + 1] = me;

          break;
```
30
```
        }
      }
    }
    while(!done);
  }
```
35

```
// ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
// Update data used for drawing the Line fit to standards.
//
```
40
```
// standardsLine is similar to qtArr[] but adds 2 points, one at
// conc +.5(log) and the other at conc -.5 (log).
// ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
void updateStandards(int d) {
```
45
```
    int e = qtArr[d].length - 1;
    double conc = qtArr[d][e].conc - .5;
```

```
        standardsLine[d][0].conc = qtArr[d][0].conc + .5;
        standardsLine[d][0].avgTCycle = (standardsLine[d][0].conc - dyeOffset[d])
                        / dyeSlope[d];

5
        if(conc > 0.) {
          standardsLine[d][1].conc = conc;
          standardsLine[d][1].avgTCycle = (conc - dyeOffset[d]) / dyeSlope[d];
        }
10      else {
          standardsLine[d][1].conc = 0.;
          standardsLine[d][1].avgTCycle = (-1 * dyeOffset[d] / dyeSlope[d]);
        }
      }

15


    // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    // Get Control Result (Pass/Fail)
    // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
20  public boolean getControl(int s, int d) {
      return site[s].control;
    }



25  // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    public float getConc(int s, int d) {
      return site[s].dye[d].conc;
    }


30

    // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    public int getDyeUsage(int s, int d) {
      return site[s].dye[d].dyeUsage;
    }
35


    // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    public double getDyeSlope() {
      return dyeSlope[stdChannel];
40  }



    // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    public double getDyeOffset() {
45    return dyeOffset[stdChannel];
    }
```

```java
// ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
// Linear Correlation Coefficient
public double getCC() {
  updateCC(stdChannel);

  return linCC[stdChannel];
}


// ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
public float getAnaData(int dataType, int s, int d, int c) {

  float retVal = 0f;

  if (c < 0) c=0;

  switch(dataType) {

  case NORMAL:
    if (c >=site[s].cycle) c=site[s].cycle - 1;
    if(d < 4 && d >= 0) {
      retVal = site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c];
    }
    break;

  case DERIV1:
    break;

  case DERIV2:
    if (c >=site[s].cycle) c=site[s].cycle - 1;
    if(d < 4 && d >= 0) {
      retVal = site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c];
    }
    break;

  case MELT_DERIV1:
    if (c >=site[s].meltPoints) c=site[s].meltPoints - 1;
    if(c < site[s].meltPoints && c >= 0) {
      retVal = site[s].d1mOptic.get(c);
    }
    break;

  case MELT_OPTICS:
    if (c >=site[s].meltPoints) c=site[s].meltPoints - 1;
```

```
          if(c < site[s].meltPoints && c >= 0) {
            retVal = site[s].mOptic.get(c);
          }
          break;

       case MELT_TEMPERATURE:
          if (c >=site[s].meltPoints) c=site[s].meltPoints - 1;
          if(c < site[s].meltPoints && c >= 0) {
            retVal = site[s].mTemp.get(c);
          }
          break;
       }

       return retVal;
     }


     // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
     public int getICDye() {
       return icDye;
     }

     // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
     public boolean iCEnabled() {
       return useIC;
     }


     // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
     // Returns the temp assoc. with the Melt Peak.
     public double getMeltTemp(int s, int index) {
       return site[s].getMeltTemp(index);
     }


     // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
     // Returns the Melt Limit. Peak value reported only when greater.
     public double getMeltLimit(int s) {
       return site[s].meltPeakLimit;
     }


     // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
     // Returns the temp assoc. with the Melt Peak.
     public int getMeltCount(int s) {
       if (s>0 && s<numSites)
```

```
            return site[s].getMeltPeakCount();
        else
            return 0;
    }
```

```
    // ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    public int getQICDye() {
        return qicDye;
    }
```

```
    // ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    public boolean qicEnabled() {
        return useQIC;
    }
```

```
    // ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    public int getTMode(int d) {
        return threshMode[d];
    }
```

```
    // ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    int getICStartCycle() {
        return (int)validMinCycle[icDye];
    }
```

```
    // ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    int getICEndCycle() {
        return (int)validMaxCycle[icDye];
    }
```

```
    // ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    void processData(int s) {

        if(boxCar) {
            boxCarAvg(s);
        }

        if(noise) {
            removeNoise(s);
        }
```

```
        updateThresholds(s);

        // Update qtArr's. Do quantation when results are requested.
5       if(analysisType == QUANTITATIVE)
           updateQuantitative(s);
     }


10   // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
     // Apply this to raw Data
     void boxCarAvg(int s) {

        float sum;
15      int i;

        if(site[s].cycle < 1) {
          return;
        }
20
        if(site[s].cycle + 1 >= boxCarWidth && boxCarWidth > 1) {

         for(int d = 0; d < MAX_DYES; d++) {
           sum = 0f;

25
           for(i = (site[s].cycle + 1 - boxCarWidth); i < site[s].cycle + 1; i++) {
             sum += site[s].dye[d].rOptic[i];
           }

30          site[s].dye[d].pOptic[site[s].cycle] = sum / boxCarWidth;
          }
         }
       }

35
     // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
     void removeNoise(int s) {

        int c = site[s].cycle;
40      float temp;


        for(int d = 0; d < MAX_DYES; d++) {
          if(c >= (baselineEndCycle[d] - 1)) {
45
            if(site[s].noiseValid[d]) {
```

```java
            site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c] -= (site[s].dye[d].slope * c + site[s].dye[d].offset);
            site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c] -= site[s].dye[d].noiseAvg;

            //if (s==0 && d==0) {
            //    Logger.log("Cycle "+c+ " slope "+site[s].dye[d].slope +
            //    " offset " + site[s].dye[d].offset + " pOptic " + site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c]);
            //}
        }
        else {
            temp = 0f;

            // Calculate Average noise
            baselineStartCycle[d] = (baselineStartCycle[d] < 1) ? 1 :
        baselineStartCycle[d];

            site[s].dye[d].slope = 0.;
            site[s].dye[d].offset = 0.;

            site[s].dye[d].leastSquaresLineFit(baselineStartCycle[d]-1,
        baselineEndCycle[d]-1);

            for(int i = 0; i <= (baselineEndCycle[d] - 1); i++) {
                site[s].dye[d].pOptic[i] -= (site[s].dye[d].slope * i + site[s].dye[d].offset);
            }

            for(int i=baselineStartCycle[d]-1; i<=baselineEndCycle[d]-1; i++) {
                temp = temp + site[s].dye[d].pOptic[i];
            }

            site[s].dye[d].noiseAvg = temp / (baselineEndCycle[d] -
        baselineStartCycle[d] + 1);

            // Remove noise
            for(int i=0; i <= (baselineEndCycle[d]-1); i++) {
                site[s].dye[d].pOptic[i] -= site[s].dye[d].noiseAvg;
            }
            site[s].noiseValid[d] = true;
        }
    }
}
}


// ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
void updateThresholds(int s) {
```

```
     for(int d = 0; d < MAX_DYES; d++) {

       // Update Derivative
       update2D(s, d);

       if(dataType[d] == PRIMARY) {
         if(threshMode[d] == MAN_THRESH) {
           updateThreshPDMan(s, d);
         }
         else {
           updateThreshPDAuto(s, d);
         }
       }
       else {
         if(threshMode[d] == MAN_THRESH) {
           updateThresh2DMan(s, d);
         }
         else {
           updateThresh2DAuto(s, d);
         }
       }
     }
   }


// //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
int updateThreshPDMan(int s, int d) {

   int c = site[s].cycle;
   int du = site[s].dye[d].dyeUsage;

   if(du == UNUSED || du == PASSIVE) {
     return 0;
   }

   if(noise) {
     if(c <= baselineEndCycle[d]) {
       return 0;
     }
   }

   if(!site[s].dye[d].tValid) {
     if(site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c] >= site[s].dye[d].tLimit) {

       // Optic exceeded limit, calculate cycle
       if(c >= 1) {
```

```
        site[s].dye[d].tValid = true;

        LinearFit l;

        l = new LinearFit(c - 1, site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c - 1], c,
                 site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c]);

        // zero based
        site[s].dye[d].tCycle = l.fitY(site[s].dye[d].tLimit) + 1f;
      }
     }
    }
    return 0;
   }


// ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
// When not to find the Threshold crossing:
//
// 1. Unused Dye
// 2. Passive dye
// 3. Already found (.tValid)
// 4. Not enough cycles (2D)
// 5. All dyes don't have valid stdDev Auto
// ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
int updateThreshPDAuto(int s, int d) {

   int c = site[s].cycle;
   float sum, temp;
   int du = site[s].dye[d].dyeUsage;

   if(du == UNUSED || du == PASSIVE) {
     return 0;
   }

   if(c <= baselineEndCycle[d]) {
     return 0;
   }

   if(maxStdDevValid[d] &&!site[s].dye[d].tValid) {

     // Look for signal crossing
     if(site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c] > site[s].dye[d].tLimit) {

       LinearFit l;
```

```
        l = new LinearFit(c - 1, site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c - 1], c, site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c]);

            // Add one to match graph
            site[s].dye[d].tCycle = l.fitY(site[s].dye[d].tLimit) + 1.0f;
5           site[s].dye[d].tValid = true;
          }
        }
        else if(!maxStdDevValid[d] &&!site[s].dye[d].tValid) {

10          // If enough data, calculate stdDev
            // No need to check crossing yet.
            if(c >= baselineEndCycle[d]) {
             if((baselineEndCycle[d] - baselineStartCycle[d]) > 1) {

15            // mean
              sum = 0f;

              for(c = (baselineStartCycle[d] - 1); c <= (baselineEndCycle[d] - 1); c++) {
                sum = sum + site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c];
20            }

              site[s].dye[d].mean = sum / (baselineEndCycle[d] - baselineStartCycle[d] +
          1);

25            // stdDev
              sum = 0f;

              for(c = (baselineStartCycle[d] - 1); c <= (baselineEndCycle[d] - 1); c++) {
                temp = site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c] - site[s].dye[d].mean;
30              sum = sum + temp * temp;
              }

              site[s].dye[d].stdDev = (float) Math.sqrt(sum / (baselineEndCycle[d] -
          baselineStartCycle[d]));
35            site[s].dye[d].stdDevValid = true;

              setMaxStdDev(d);
            }
          }
40      }

        return 0;
      }

45

// /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
```

```
     // This function calculates the Cycle Threshold for Primary Data with
     // a manual threshold limit set by the user.
     // ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
     int updateThresh2DMan(int s, int d) {

5
        int du = site[s].dye[d].dyeUsage;

        // Because the calculation for D2 is lagging 2 cycles back.
        int c = site[s].cycle - 2;

10
        if(du == UNUSED || du == PASSIVE) {
          return 0;
        }

15      if(c < 6) {
          return 0;
        }

        if(noise) {
20        if(c <= baselineEndCycle[d]) {
            return 0;
          }
        }

25      // Look for peak
        // When c == 6, Possible valid D2's are at c2(c-4), c3(c-3), c4(c-2)
        if((site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c - 3] > site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c - 4]) &&
              (site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c - 3] >= site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c - 2])) {

30        PeakFinder peakFinder = new PeakFinder((float) (c - 4),
       site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c - 4],
              (float) (c - 3), site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c - 3], (float) (c - 2),
              site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c - 2]);

35        // Look for signal crossing
          if(peakFinder.peak > site[s].dye[d].tLimit) {

            // peak exceeded limit, calculate cycle
            // Note: peak is 3 cycles back from here
40          if(site[s].dye[d].tValid) {

              if (site[s].dye[d].tCycle < peakFinder.cycle + 1.0f) {
                site[s].dye[d].tCycle = peakFinder.cycle + 1.0f;
              }
45
            }
```

```java
        else {
          site[s].dye[d].tValid = true;
          site[s].dye[d].tCycle = peakFinder.cycle + 1.0f;
        }
      }
    }
    return 0;
  }


  // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
  // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
  int updateThresh2DAuto(int s, int d) {

    int du = site[s].dye[d].dyeUsage;
    float sum, temp;
    int cy;

    // Because the calculation for D2 is lagging 2 cycles back.
    int c = site[s].cycle - 2;

    if(du == UNUSED || du == PASSIVE) {
      return 0;
    }

    if(c < 6) {
      return 0;
    }

    if(c <= baselineEndCycle[d]) {
      return 0;
    }

    if(maxStdDevValid[d]) {

      // Look for signal crossing, ie Look for peak
      // When c == 6, Possible valid D2's are at c2(c-4), c3(c-3), c4(c-2)
      if(c < (baselineEndCycle[d] + 3)) {
        return 0;
      }

      if((site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c - 3] >= site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c - 4]) &&
         (site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c - 3] > site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c - 2])) {

        PeakFinder m = new PeakFinder((float) (c - 4), site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c - 4],
            (float) (c - 3), site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c - 3], (float) (c - 2),
```

```
                    site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c - 2]);

                // Look for signal crossing
                if(m.peak > site[s].dye[d].tLimit) {

                    if (site[s].dye[d].tValid) {
                        if (site[s].dye[d].tCycle < m.cycle + 1f) {
                            site[s].dye[d].tCycle = m.cycle + 1f;
                        }
                    }
                    else {
                        // peak exceeded limit, calculate cycle
                        site[s].dye[d].tValid = true;
                        site[s].dye[d].tCycle = m.cycle + 1f;
                    }
                }
            }
        }
        else if(!maxStdDevValid[d] &&!site[s].dye[d].tValid) {

            // If enough data, calculate stdDev
            // No need to check crossing yet.
            if(c >= baselineEndCycle[d]) {
                if((baselineEndCycle[d] - baselineStartCycle[d]) > 1) {

                    // mean
                    sum = 0f;

                    for(c = (baselineStartCycle[d] - 1); c <= (baselineEndCycle[d] - 1); c++) {
                        sum = sum + site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c];
                    }

                    // Changed 1/12/00 as per SCR 129.
                    // sum = sum + site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c];

                    site[s].dye[d].mean = sum / (baselineEndCycle[d] - baselineStartCycle[d] +
1);

                    // stdDev
                    sum = 0f;

                    for(c = (baselineStartCycle[d] - 1); c <= (baselineEndCycle[d] - 1); c++) {

                        // Changed 1/12/00 as per SCR 129.
                        // temp = site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c] - site[s].dye[d].mean;
```

```
          temp = site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c] - site[s].dye[d].mean;
          sum = sum + temp * temp;
       }

       site[s].dye[d].stdDev = (float) Math.sqrt(sum / (baselineEndCycle[d] -
     baselineStartCycle[d]));
          site[s].dye[d].stdDevValid = true;

          setMaxStdDev(d);
        }
      }
    }

    return 0;
  }


// ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
// Update 2nd Deriv for optic data
// ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
void update2D(int s, int d) {

   int c = site[s].cycle;
   float mult = 6.25f;

   if (c<4)
      return;

   // D2
   if(c < MAX_CYCLES - 1 && c > 2) {

      // n=3 thru n-2

      /*
      //float mult = 5f;
      site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c - 2] = (site[s].dye[d].arD1Dye[c - 1] -
                          site[s].dye[d].arD1Dye[c - 3]) / 2f * mult;
      site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c - 1] = (site[s].dye[d].arD1Dye[c] -
                          site[s].dye[d].arD1Dye[c - 2]) / 2f * mult;
      site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c] = (site[s].dye[d].arD1Dye[c] -
                          site[s].dye[d].arD1Dye[c - 1]) * mult;
      */
      site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c-2] = (site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c] -
                          2f * site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c-2] +
                          site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c-4]) * mult;
```

```java
        site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c-1] = (2f * site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c] -
                             3f * site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c-1] +
                             site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c-3]) * mult;

5       site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c] = (site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c] -
                             2f * site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c-1] +
                             site[s].dye[d].pOptic[c-2]) * 2 * mult;
      }
      else {
10        site[s].dye[d].d2pOptic[c] = 0f;
      }
    }
  }


15  // ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    // Update qtArr's (1 per dye - site independent).
    // Only if std: only with valid thresh
    // ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    void updateQuantitative(int s) {

20
      for(int d = 0; d < MAX_DYES; d++) {
        if(site[s].dye[d].dyeUsage == STANDARD) {
          // if(site[s].dye[d].tValid) {

25        if( (useQIC && (getTCycle(s, qicDye) > 0f)) || getTCycle(s, d) > 0f ) {
            addStandard(s, d);
            //updateStandards(d);
            LeastSquares ls = new LeastSquares(qtArr[d], d);
            dyeSlope[d] = ls.getSlope();
30          dyeOffset[d] = ls.getOffset();
            updateStandards(d);
          }
        }
      }
35  }



    // ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    //
40  // Add a stdElement to the qlArr if appropriate.
    // If QIC used - valid
    // If IC used - valid
    // Sort if more than 1 element
    // ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
45  int addStandard(int s, int d) {
      int i;
```

```
           float tCycle;

           if(!site[s].dye[d].tValid || getTCycle(s,d) <= 0f ) {
             return 0;
   5       }

           if(site[s].dye[d].conc < 10E-5f) {
             return 0;
           }
  10
           if (useQIC) {
             tCycle = getQICTCycle(s,d);
           }
            else {
  15         tCycle = getTCycle(s,d);
           }

           if (qtArr[d][0].conc < -9) {
             // Initialise
  20         qtArr[d][0].conc = log10(site[s].dye[d].conc);
             qtArr[d][0].avgTCycle = tCycle;
             qtArr[d][0].nElements = 1;
             return 0;
           }
  25       else {

             // Look for conc in array
             for(i = 0; i < qtArr[d].length; i++) {

  30         if(Math.abs(qtArr[d][i].conc - log10(site[s].dye[d].conc)) < .05) {
               qtArr[d][i].avgTCycle = ((qtArr[d][i].avgTCycle * qtArr[d][i].nElements) +
                          tCycle) / (qtArr[d][i].nElements + 1);
             qtArr[d][i].nElements += 1;

  35         // May need to be resorted
             if(qtArr[d].length > 1) {
               sort(qtArr[d]);
             }

  40         return 0;
             }
           }

           // Conc not found, add new element to array
  45     StdElement tempArr[] = new StdElement[qtArr[d].length + 1];
```

```
    // Initialise tempArr
    for(i = 0; i < tempArr.length; i++) {
      tempArr[i] = new StdElement();
    }

    System.arraycopy(qtArr[d], 0, tempArr, 0, qtArr[d].length);

    tempArr[tempArr.length - 1].conc = log10(site[s].dye[d].conc);
    tempArr[tempArr.length - 1].avgTCycle = tCycle;
    tempArr[tempArr.length - 1].nElements = 1;
    qtArr[d] = tempArr;

    // Sort
    sort(qtArr[d]);
  }

  return 0;
}


// ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
void setMaxStdDev(int d) {

  maxStdDevValid[d] = true;

  int s;

  maxStdDev[d] = 0f;

  for(s = 0; s < numSites; s++) {
    if(site[s].dye[d].stdDevValid) {
      if(site[s].dye[d].stdDev > maxStdDev[d]) {
        maxStdDev[d] = site[s].dye[d].stdDev;
      }
    }
    else {
      maxStdDevValid[d] = false;
      maxStdDev[d] = 0f;

      return;
    }
  }

  if(maxStdDevValid[d]) {

    // All sites have stdDevValid for dye d,
```

```java
    // Calculate Threshold limits
    for(s = 0; s < numSites; s++) {
      site[s].dye[d].tLimit = (float)(stdDevBaseLine[d] * maxStdDev[d]);
      //System.out.println("stdDevBaseLine[d] " + stdDevBaseLine[d] +
      // "maxStdDev[d] " + maxStdDev[d] +
      // " setMaxStdDev " + site[s].dye[d].tLimit );
    }
  }
}


// ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
public Analysis() {
  this(MAX_SITES);
}

public Analysis(int ns) {

  numSites = ns;

  site = new Site[numSites];

  for(int i = 0; i < numSites; i++) {
    site[i] = new Analysis.Site();
  }

  analysisType = QUALITATIVE;

  useQIC = false;
  qicDye = 0;
  useIC = false;
  icDye = 0;

  boxCar = false;
  boxCarWidth = 0;

  // Default to match noise sub with primary data.
  // noise = false;

  for(int i = 0; i < MAX_DYES; i++) {
    threshMode[i] = AUTO_THRESH;
    stdDevBaseLine[i] = 5f;
    maxStdDev[i] = 0f;
    maxStdDevValid[i] = false;
    dataType[i] = PRIMARY;
    qtArr[i][0] = new StdElement();
```

```
            baselineStartCycle[i] = 3;
            baselineEndCycle[i] = 8;

            // Standards Curve, prakash 1/25/00
5           standardsLine[i][0] = new StdElement();
            standardsLine[i][1] = new StdElement();

            // Optics must cross threshold in this range
            validMinCycle[i] = 3f;
10          validMaxCycle[i] = 60f;
        }
    }


15  // ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    class Site {

        Dye dye[] = new Dye[MAX_DYES];

20      // Melt Peak Analysis
        private Array.Short mOptic =  new Array.Short(32);
        private Array.Float mTemp = new Array.Float(32);
        private Array.Float d1mOptic = new Array.Float(32);
        private MeltElement mPeaks[] = new MeltElement[1];

25
        // Possible to set per site in future.
        private double meltPeakLimit = 10.;

        // Melt peaks processed
30      private boolean meltPeaksValid;

        // Current Cycle Number
        int cycle;

35      // Number of MeltData points
        private int meltPoints;

        // IC/QIC passed:T; failed:F
        boolean control;
40
        // Noise
        boolean noiseValid[] = new boolean [MAX_DYES];

        Site() {
45
            // Initialise dyes
```

```
        for(int i = 0; i < MAX_DYES; i++) {
            dye[i] = new Dye();
            noiseValid[i] = false;
        }

        cycle = 0;
        meltPoints = 0;
        meltPeaksValid = false;
        control = false;
        mPeaks[0] = new MeltElement();
    }

    private void updateMeltDeriv() {

        meltPeaksValid = false;

        if(meltPoints < 1) {
            d1mOptic.set(0, 0f);
        }
        else if(meltPoints == 1) {
            d1mOptic.set(1, (mOptic.get(1) - mOptic.get(0)) * -5f);
        }
        else {
            // Recalc the 2nd last value, and the last value
            d1mOptic.set(meltPoints-1, (mOptic.get(meltPoints) -
    mOptic.get(meltPoints-2)) / 2f * -5f);
            d1mOptic.set(meltPoints, (mOptic.get(meltPoints) -
    mOptic.get(meltPoints-1)) * -5f);
        }
    }

    // Return number of Melt Peaks detected.
    private int getMeltPeakCount() {
        if (!meltPeaksValid)
            detectMeltPeaks();
        return (mPeaks[0].temp < 0.) ? 0 : mPeaks.length;
    }

    // Return number of Melt Temp Associated with Peak.
    private double getMeltTemp(int index) {
        if (index < getMeltPeakCount())
            return mPeaks[index].temp;
        else
            return 0f;
    }
```

```
// Find all peaks in 1st Deriv of Melt Optic
private void detectMeltPeaks() {

    if (meltPoints < 2) return;

    if (!meltPeaksValid) {
        meltPeaksValid = true;
        mPeaks = new MeltElement[1];
        mPeaks[0] = new MeltElement();
        // Debug.log("detectMP, length " + mPeaks.length);

        for (int i=1; i<meltPoints-1; i++) {

            if( ( d1mOptic.get(i) > d1mOptic.get(i-1) ) &&
                ( d1mOptic.get(i) >= d1mOptic.get(i+1) ) ) {

                PeakFinder peakFinder = new PeakFinder((float)(i-1),
(float)d1mOptic.get(i-1),
                    (float)(i), (float)d1mOptic.get(i), (float)(i+1),
(float)d1mOptic.get(i+1));

                // Look for signal crossing
                if(peakFinder.peak > meltPeakLimit) {

                    if (mPeaks[0].temp < 0.) {
                        mPeaks[0].d1Peak = peakFinder.peak;
                        mPeaks[0].temp = mTemp.get(0) + peakFinder.cycle; // Temp,
in this case.
                    }
                    else {
                        MeltElement tempA[] = new MeltElement[mPeaks.length+1];

                        // Initialise tempA
                        for(int j = 0; j < tempA.length; j++) {
                            tempA[j] = new MeltElement();
                        }

                        System.arraycopy(mPeaks, 0, tempA, 0, mPeaks.length);

                        tempA[tempA.length-1].d1Peak = peakFinder.peak;
                        tempA[tempA.length-1].temp = mTemp.get(0) +
peakFinder.cycle; // Temp, in this case.
                        mPeaks = tempA;
                    }
                }
            }
```

```
            }
          }

          //Debug.log(" detectMeltPeaks() mPeaks.length " + mPeaks.length);
  5       if (mPeaks.length > 1)
            sort(mPeaks);
        }
      }

 10   // //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
      class Dye {

        // Data Arrays
        short rOptic[] = new short[MAX_CYCLES];
 15     float pOptic[] = new float[MAX_CYCLES];

        // 2nd derivative
        float d2pOptic[] = new float[MAX_CYCLES];

 20     // Threshold limit
        float tLimit;
        float tCycle;

        // Indicates if signal crossed the Threshold Limit
 25     boolean tValid;

        // Qualitative Result
        int qlResult;

 30     // IC, QIC, Unused, ...
        int dyeUsage;

        // true = Std; false = Unkn
        boolean std;
 35
        // Dye Concentration
        float conc;

        // Background Noise Value
 40     float noiseAvg;

        // Std Dev, Mean calculated. one per dye per site
        boolean stdDevValid;
        float stdDev;
 45     float mean;
```

```
// For slope removal. One per dye per site
double slope;
double offset;

Dye() {

    // Initialise arrays
    for(int i = 0; i < MAX_CYCLES; i++) {
      rOptic[i] = 0;
      pOptic[i] = 0f;
      d2pOptic[i] = 0f;
    }

    // Default Man Threshold, dyeUsage, tValid
    qlResult = 0;
    tLimit = 200f;
    tCycle = 0f;
    tValid = false;
    dyeUsage = ASSAY;
    std = false;
    conc = 10E-6f;
    noiseAvg = 0f;
    stdDevValid = false;
    stdDev = 0f;
    mean = 0f;
    slope = 0.;
    offset = 0.;
    }

void endPointLineFit(int start, int end) {
    slope = (pOptic[end] - pOptic[start]) / (double)(end - start);

    if ((slope * end) != 0.) {
      offset = pOptic[end] / (slope * end);
    }
    else {
      offset = 0.;
    }
}

void leastSquaresLineFit(int start, int end) {

    if ((end - start) < 2) {
        return;
    }
    LeastSquares ls = new LeastSquares(pOptic, start, end);
```

```
          slope = ls.getSlope();

          if ((slope * end) != 0.) {
            offset = ls.getOffset();
5         }
          else {
            offset = 0.;
          }
        }
10    }


// //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
public class StdElement {
15    public double conc;
      public double avgTCycle;
      int nElements;

      StdElement() {
20      conc = -10.;
        avgTCycle = 0.;
        nElements = 0;
      }
    }

25
// //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
public class MeltElement {
      public double temp = -1.;
      public double d1Peak = -1.;
30  }


      /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
35    /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
      public static void main(String args[]) {

              int s, d, c, cy;
              Analysis a = new Analysis();
40
              // For reading data from Excel
              Vector vFam = new Vector(16);
              vFam.setSize(16);
              Vector vTet = new Vector(16);
45            vTet.setSize(16);
              Vector vTam = new Vector(16);
```

```
                vTam.setSize(16);
                Vector vRox = new Vector(16);
                vRox.setSize(16);

 5          // Analysis Type
            a.setAnalysisType(QUALITATIVE);
            //a.setAnalysisType(QUANTITATIVE);

                a.setNumSites(16);
10

                for (d=0; d<MAX_DYES; d++) {

                        //a.setDataType(d, D2);          // Set Up Data Type
15                      a.setDataType(d, PRIMARY);

                    a.threshMode[d] = AUTO_THRESH;   // Set Thresh Mode
                    //a.threshMode[d] = MAN_THRESH;

20       a.stdDevBaseLine[d] = 5.;
                    }

                    // Set Threshold
                    //a.setTLimit(0, 10f);
25                  //a.setTLimit(1, 10f);
                    //a.setTLimit(2, 10f);
                    //a.setTLimit(3, 10f);

                    // Test BoxCar Avg
30                  a.setBoxCarAvg(true, 3);

                    // Test QIC Dye
            a.setDyeUsage(0, 1, QIC);

35              // Test Background Noise Subtraction
            a.setNoiseSubtraction(true);

            // Valid Min, Max Cycle defaults to 3, 60
            //a.setICCycle(3, 30, 60);
40

            // Add Data Thresholds and cycle crossings are calculated as soon as
            // enough data has accumulated.


45              try {
```

```java
        BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(new
FileReader("data5.csv"));

        String str;

        // Throw away first 2 lines
        str = in.readLine();
        str = in.readLine();

        while ((str = in.readLine()) != null) {
            //Debug.log(str.length()+" "+ str);
            StringTokenizer t = new StringTokenizer(str, ",");

            for (int i=0; i<16; i++)
                if (t.hasMoreTokens())
                    vFam.setElementAt( (Integer.valueOf(t.nextToken())), i);

            for (int i=0; i<16; i++)
                if (t.hasMoreTokens())
                    vTet.setElementAt((Integer.valueOf(t.nextToken() )), i );

            for (int i=0; i<16; i++)
                if (t.hasMoreTokens())
                    vTam.setElementAt((Integer.valueOf(t.nextToken() )), i );

            for (int i=0; i<16; i++)
                if (t.hasMoreTokens())
                    vRox.setElementAt((Integer.valueOf(t.nextToken() )), i );

            for (s=0; s<16; s++) {

                Integer aa = (Integer)vFam.elementAt(s);
                Integer bb = (Integer)vTet.elementAt(s);
                Integer cc = (Integer)vTam.elementAt(s);
                Integer dd = (Integer)vRox.elementAt(s);

                a.addCycle(s, aa.shortValue(), bb.shortValue(),
cc.shortValue(), dd.shortValue() );

                // cy = a.site[s].cycle -1;
                //Debug.log("Main: Site " +s+ " Cycle " +cy+ " " +
a.site[s].dye[0].rOptic[cy]+
                //    " "+a.site[s].dye[1].rOptic[cy]+
                //    " "+a.site[s].dye[2].rOptic[cy]+
                //    " "+a.site[s].dye[3].rOptic[cy] );
            }
```

```
                    }
                }
                catch(IOException e) {
                    Debug.log("IOException");
                }


                // Set up Melt Inverse of FAM
        for (s=0; s<16; s++) {
            for (short sec=0; sec<a.site[s].cycle; sec++) {
                //Debug.log ("Adding data to Melt " + sec + " " +
        a.site[s].dye[1].rOptic[sec]);
                a.addMelt(s, sec, a.OPTICS, a.site[s].dye[1].rOptic[sec]);
                a.addMelt(s, sec, a.TEMP, (short)(60+sec));
            }
        }

                /*
                // Set UP for quantation.
                // 100
                a.setSiteType(0, SITE_STANDARD);
                a.setConc(0, 0, 100f);

                a.setSiteType(1, SITE_STANDARD);
                a.setConc(1, 0, 100f);

                //1000
                a.setSiteType(3, SITE_STANDARD);
                a.setConc(3, 0, 1000f);

                a.setSiteType(8, SITE_STANDARD);
                a.setConc(8, 0, 1000f);

                //10
                a.setSiteType(14, SITE_STANDARD);
                a.setConc(14, 0, 10f);

                a.setSiteType(15, SITE_STANDARD);
                a.setConc(15, 0, 10f);

                // Unknowns
                a.setSiteType(2, SITE_UNKNOWN);
                a.setSiteType(4, SITE_UNKNOWN);
                a.setSiteType(5, SITE_UNKNOWN);
                a.setSiteType(6, SITE_UNKNOWN);
                a.setSiteType(7, SITE_UNKNOWN);
```

```
                    for (int i=9; i<14; i++)
                        a.setSiteType(i, SITE_UNKNOWN);
                    */


                    /*
                    // Force QIC Cycle for testing
                    for (int i=0; i<16; i++) {
                        a.setTCycle(i, 1, (float)(10+.1*i));
                        //a.setTCycle(i, 1, 10f );
                        a.site[i].dye[1].tValid = true;
                    }

                    for(int i=0; i<a.numSites; i++)
                        a.updateQuantitative(i);
                    */


                    //    (site, dye, data)
                    //a.dLog(7, 1, 1); // outputs threshold limits + Cycle num
                    //a.dLog(7, 0, 0); // outputs data
                    //a.dLog(7, 1, 2); // outputs raw + 2d
                    //a.dLog(7, 0, 3); // outputs threshold limits + Cycle num
                    //a.dLog(7, 0, 4); // outputs threshold limits + Cycle num + QIResult
                    //a.dLog(0, 0, 5); // outputs Tlimits + TCycle num + conc (dye, all
sites)
                    //a.dLog(0, 0, 6); // outputs qtArr for given dye
                    //a.dLog(7, 1, 7); // outputs threshold limits + Cycle num + QIC
Cycle numbers
                    //a.dLog(7, 1, 8); // Outputs melt data for given site.
                    //a.dLog(7, 1, 9); // Outputs melt data peaks for given site.

                    Debug.log("*****************************************************");
                    Debug.log("data4.csv,  primary w Man Thresh,
setNoiseSubtraction(true)");
                    Debug.log("setBoxCarAvg(true, 3) Quantitative ");
                    Debug.log("*****************************************************");
                    a.dLog(3, 0, 2);
            }



            ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
            ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
            // Used for unit testing
            void dLog(int st, int dy, int data) {

                int i, s, d, c;
```

```
switch (data) {
case 0:
   // data
   Debug.log("dLog: pOptic 7,* - Cy 0-44");

   for (i=0; i<site[st].cycle; i++)
           Debug.log(" " + site[st].dye[0].pOptic[i] +
               " " + site[st].dye[1].pOptic[i] +
               " " + site[st].dye[2].pOptic[i] +
                 " " + site[st].dye[3].pOptic[i] );
           break;
     case 1:
       // thresh Limits, Cycle Numbers
   for (s=0; s<numSites; s++)
     for (d=0; d<MAX_DYES; d++)
             Debug.log("Site " + s +
                " Dye " + d +
                " Thresh " + getTLimit(s, d) +
                " Cycle " + getTCycle(s, d) );
           break;

   // Prints raw + 2d data for st, dy
   case 2:
   for (c=0; c<site[st].cycle; c++)
           Debug.log("Site " + st +
              " Dye " + dy +
              " Cycle " + c +
              " raw data " + site[st].dye[dy].rOptic[c] +
              " data " + site[st].dye[dy].pOptic[c] +
              " 2D " + site[st].dye[dy].d2pOptic[c] );
           break;

   // Prints dy channel TCycles and TLimits
   case 3:
   for (s=0; s<numSites; s++)
           Debug.log("Site " + s +
              " Dye " + dy +
              " Thresh Cycle " + getTCycle(s, dy) +
              " Thresh Limit " + getTLimit(s, dy)
              );
           break;

   // Prints dy channel TCycles and TLimits and QI Results
   case 4:
   for (s=0; s<numSites; s++)
```

```
            Debug.log("Site " + s +
              " Dye " + dy +
              " Thresh Cycle " + getTCycle(s, dy) +
              " Thresh Limit " + getTLimit(s, dy) +
              " Result " + getQLResult(s, dy)
              );
            break;

        // Prints dy channel TCycles and Qn Results
        // for dye at all sites
        case 5:
    for (s=0; s<numSites; s++)
            if (useQIC) {
                Debug.log("Site " + s +
                  " Dye " + dy +
                  " QIC Thresh Cycle " + getQICTCycle(s, dy) +
                  " Result " + getQTResult(s, dy)
                  );
            }
            else {
                Debug.log("Site " + s +
                  " Dye " + dy +
                  " Thresh Cycle " + getTCycle(s, dy) +
                  " Result " + getQTResult(s, dy)
                  );
            }
               break;

        case 6:
           for (c=0; c<qtArr[0].length; c++)
                Debug.log(" qtArr[0] Len "+ qtArr[0].length +" conc "+
qtArr[0][c].conc+ " Avg cy "+ qtArr[0][c].avgTCycle);
               break;

        // Prints dy channel TCycles and TLimits + QIC
        case 7:
    for (s=0; s<numSites; s++) {
            for (dy=0; dy<4; dy++) {
                Debug.log("Site " + s +
                  " Dye " + dy +
                  " Thresh Cycle " + getTCycle(s, dy) +
                  " QIC Thresh Cycle " + getQICTCycle(s, dy) +
                  " Thresh Limit " + getTLimit(s, dy)
                  );
            }
        }
```

```
                              break;

                  // Prints melt for given site
                  case 8:
              for (c=0; c<site[st].cycle; c++) {
                      Debug.log("Site " + st +
                        " sec " + c +
                        " mOptic " + site[st].mOptic.get(c) +
                        " d1mOptic " + site[st].d1mOptic.get(c) +
                        " Temp " + site[st].mTemp.get(c)
                        );
                  }
                      break;


                  // Prints melt Peaks for given site
                  case 9:
              for (c=0; c<site[st].getMeltPeakCount(); c++) {
                      Debug.log("Site " + st +
                        " MeltPoint " + c +
                        " d1peak " + site[st].mPeaks[c].d1Peak +
                        " temp " + getMeltTemp(st, c)
                        );
                  }
                      break;
                  }
              }
          }
```

```
// /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
// Least Squares Fit.  Takes an array of points (x,y pairs) and calulates
// the slope and offset using the 'Least Squares Fit' method.
// /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
class LeastSquares {

    double sumX = 0.;
    double sumY = 0.;
    double sumXY = 0.;
    double sumOfXSq = 0.;
    double sumXSquared = 0.;
    int arrayLen = 0;
    double slope = 0.;

    LeastSquares() {};

    // Used for quantation.
    LeastSquares(Analysis.StdElement a[], int d) {

        arrayLen = a.length;

        for(int i = 0; i < arrayLen; i++) {
            sumX += a[i].avgTCycle;
            sumY += a[i].conc;
            sumXY += a[i].avgTCycle * a[i].conc;
            sumOfXSq += a[i].avgTCycle * a[i].avgTCycle;
        };
        sumXSquared = sumX * sumX;
    };


    // Used for removing background noise
```

```
        LeastSquares(float optic[], int start, int end) {

            arrayLen = end - start + 1;

5           for(int i = start; i < end+1; i++) {
                sumX += i;
                sumY += optic[i];
                sumXY += i * optic[i];
                sumOfXSq += i * i;
10          }
            sumXSquared = sumX * sumX;
        };


        double getSlope() {
15          if(Math.abs(sumOfXSq - sumXSquared / arrayLen) > 10E-10) {
                slope = (sumXY - (sumY * sumX / arrayLen)) /
                            (sumOfXSq - (sumXSquared / arrayLen));
            }
            else {
20              slope = 0.;
            }
            return slope;
        }


25      double getOffset(){
            return (sumY / arrayLen) - (slope * sumX / arrayLen);
        }
    }
```

```
// ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
// This object takes 2 points (x,y) pairs and calculates the slope and
// offset.  It returns the unknown (either x or y) using the equation
// y = mx + b.
// ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
class LinearFit {

    double m;
    double b;

    LinearFit() {};

    LinearFit(int x1, double y1, int x2, double y2) {
        m = 0.;
        b = 0.;

        if((x1 - x2) != 0) {
            m = (y1 - y2) / (x1 - x2);
            b = y1 - m * x1;
        }
    }

    LinearFit(float x1, double y1, float x2, double y2) {
        m = 0.;
        b = 0.;

        if((x1 - x2) != 0) {
            m = (y1 - y2) / (x1 - x2);
            b = y1 - m * x1;
        }
    }
```

```
    float fitX(float x) {
      return (float) (m * x + b);
    }

5

    float fitY(float y) {
      if(m != 0) {
        return (float) ((y - b) / m);
      }
      else {

10
        return 0;
      }
    }
  }

15
```

```
// ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
// Determines the Peak and Cycle for the second derivative. It takes 3
// points (x,y pairs) and fits a line of the 2nd order through all three
// points. peak(y) is optic and cycle(x) is the PCR Cycle number.
// ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
class PeakFinder {

    float peak;
    float cycle;
    double d0, d1, d2, d3;
    double r1, r2, r3;


    PeakFinder () {};

    PeakFinder(float x1, float y1, float x2, float y2, float x3, float y3) {
        d0 = det((x1 * x1), x1, 1, (x2 * x2), x2, 1, (x3 * x3), x3, 1);

        d1 = det(y1, x1, 1, y2, x2, 1, y3, x3, 1);

        d2 = det((x1 * x1), y1, 1, (x2 * x2), y2, 1, (x3 * x3), y3, 1);

        d3 = det((x1 * x1), x1, y1, (x2 * x2), x2, y2, (x3 * x3), x3, y3);

        if(d0 != 0f) {
            r1 = d1 / d0;
            r2 = d2 / d0;
            r3 = d3 / d0;
            cycle = (float) ((-1 * r2) / (2 * r1));
            peak = (float) (r3 - (r2 * r2) / (4 * r1));
        }
        else {
```

```
            cycle = 0f;
            peak = 0f;
        }
    }
```

5

```
    // /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
    double det(float a11, float a12, float a13, float a21, float a22, float a23,
            float a31, float a32, float a33) {

10      return ( (a11 * a22 * a33) + (a12 * a23 * a31) + (a13 * a21 * a32) -
            (a31 * a22 * a13) - (a32 * a23 * a11) - (a33 * a21 * a12));
    }


    }
15
```